

Second quarter and half-year results 2015



Second-quarter 2015 highlights

Financial key figures

(Aker ASA and holding companies)

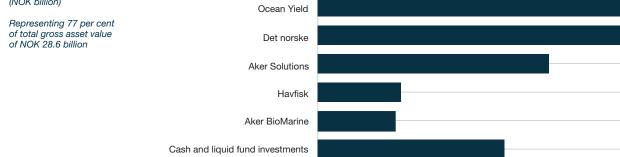
- The net asset value of Aker ASA and holding companies ("Aker") rose 12.2 per cent in the second quarter to NOK 21.0 billion, compared with the first-quarter figures after the allocation of cash dividend. Per-share net asset value ("NAV") amounted to NOK 282 as of 30 June 2015, compared to NOK 264 as per 31 March (prior to dividend allocation).
- Aker's Annual General Meeting approved on 17 April 2015 the distribution of NOK 10 per-share ordinary dividend for 2014, of which half with optional settlement in new Aker shares at a discount. The subscription period for the dividend issue ran for two weeks ending 29 May 2015. 84 per cent of the rights were exercised in favour of receiving partial dividend payment in shares. Accordingly, 1 947 134 new shares were issued, representing 2.7 per cent of the Company's share capital as per 29 May 2015.
- Cash holdings rose by NOK 169 million to NOK 3.0 billion in the second quarter, primarily due to the placement of a NOK 1.0 billion bond issue and NOK 354 million received in dividend payments from the portfolio companies. Aker's cash holding was reduced by the disbursement of NOK 399 million in dividend payment to shareholders and the repayment of NOK 500 million in bank debt. The bank loan has been converted into a revolving credit facility and may be redrawn at any time until maturity. Aker held NOK 374 million in liquid fund investments as per 30 June 2015.
- The value of Aker's Industrial Holdings portfolio increased to NOK 20.4 billion in the quarter, up from NOK 18.6 billion in the prior quarter. Aker's Financial Investments portfolio amounted to NOK 8.2 billion, up from NOK 7.7 billion as of 31 March 2015.

- The value-adjusted equity ratio was 73.4 per cent, after dividend payment and share issue. This compares to 72.5 per cent as of 31 March 2015, prior to dividend allocation.
- The Aker share increased 1.4 per cent in the second quarter, adjusted for dividend. This compares to 1.6 per cent increase in the Oslo Stock Exchange's benchmark index ("OSEBX").

Key portfolio events

- On 8 June 2015. Kvaerner was awarded the contract for the deck of the Johan Sverdrup utility and living quarter platform. Kvaerner bid in a 51/49 per cent joint venture with KBR and the estimated total value of the agreement is approximately NOK 6.7 billion.
- Det norske strengthened and diversified its capital structure in the quarter. In April the company reached an agreement with the bondholders of DETNOR02 to amend the loan agreement, including removal of the adjusted equity-ratio covenant. The company successfully placed a USD 300 million subordinated seven-year loan in May. On 1 July it announced that the available capacity of the reserve-based lending facility had been increased to USD 2.9 billion, up from USD 2.7 billion, and that its revolving credit facility had been set to USD 550 million.
- On 1 July 2015, the Ministry of Petroleum and Energy (MPE) announced the ruling on the unitisation of the Johan Sverdrup field. The new allocation leaves Det norske with 11.57 per cent of the field, down from 11.89 per cent in the preliminary agreement, which had been contested by Det norske. On 15 July, Det norske announced that it would appeal the ruling to the King in Council.



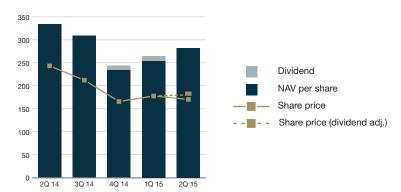


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Net asset value and share price

(NOK per share)

The balance sheet and income statement for Aker ASA and holding companies (Aker) have been prepared to show the financial position as a holding company. Net asset value (NAV) is a core performance indicator at Aker ASA. NAV expresses Aker's underlying value and is a key determinant of the company's dividend policy (annual dividend payments of 2-4 per cent of NAV). Gross asset value is determined by applying the market value of exchange-listed shares, while book value is used for other assets. The same valuation principles apply to fund investments. Net asset value is gross asset value less liabilities.



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Letter from the CEO

Dear fellow shareholders.

It's been an eventful quarter. Despite turmoil in the markets, Aker performed well with a 12.2 per cent increase in NAV, compared to the first quarter after cash dividend allocation. We maintain a strong cash position, we've created more value and we've de-risked our portfolio further.

The global financial market outlook has pre-occupied me as much as other business leaders in recent months. Uncertainty seems to be the order of the day. Concerns over the ripple effects of a possible "Grexit", a rout in the Chinese stock market, the Iranian nuclear deal and falling industrial metal prices have contributed to growing risk aversion among investors globally. Meanwhile, we are over a year into the downturn in the energy market, with Brent prices trading 40 per cent lower from a year ago. Market turbulence is nothing new for our oil and gas businesses, but the broad uncertainty that has affected multiple markets simultaneously is more unusual. We expect it to take a while before the markets regain their balance and are prepared for continued volatility in the months to come.

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Despite turmoil in the markets, Aker performed well with a 12.2 per cent increase in NAV. We maintain a strong cash position, we've created more value and we've de-risked our portfolio further.

The best point of departure for steering a business through a down cycle is to have a strong balance sheet, long-standing customer relationships and an experienced management team. Getting this in place has been my primary objectives for each of our portfolio companies. The fact that we concluded the restructuring and refinancing of our oil service businesses last year prior to the oil price collapse helped preserve values far beyond what can be read from the quarterly results. It would have been markedly more challenging for our oil service companies to operate in their original conglomerate form, with twice the current debt levels, in today's market environment.

Given the protracted downturn in the oil and gas sector, I am pleased that the value of Aker's Industrial Holdings portfolio rose 9.6 per cent in the second quarter. It's a reminder of the value of having a balanced and diversified portfolio of investments. The share prices of Det norske and Ocean Yield led this gain, posting advances of over 20 per cent, whilst Aker Solutions rose by 8.3 per cent. In comparison, the benchmark OSEBX Index gained 1.6 per cent in the period. Aker BioMarine's results improved, despite continued weak markets for Superba Krill oil. Meanwhile, Havfisk's share price underwent a correction after four consecutive quarters of solid gains. Kvaerner and Akastor again retreated in the quarter, mainly due to weakness in their respective oil service segments.

The recent developments in the Johan Sverdrup unitisation process has been a source of frustration. We expected the discussions to be challenging given the tremendous values at stake, but I still believe a solution could have been reached through negotiations. The Ministry of Petroleum and Energy's ruling in early July was obviously a disappointment, but no great surprise. Shortly after the administrative process started, the Ministry told Aker that Det norske still had the opportunity to sign the settlement agreement proposed by the field operator and that the company risked being awarded a lower working interest than initially allocated. That risk has now materialised. The questions raised by Det norske regarding the principles underlying unitisation agreements are of importance to the company, but also of value to the development of a sound unitisation practice on the Norwegian Continental Shelf (NCS). For Det norske and Aker, it is a decisive principle that ownership interests should be distributed according to a combination of volume and value. Hence, Aker supports Det norske's decision to appeal the Ministry's decision to the King in Council.

I have already touched upon the importance of strong balance sheets and robust funding. Aker has been quite successful in the bond market and the Aker group is by far the largest high-yield bond issuer in Norway. Last quarter, we issued a new NOK 1.0 billion bond loan to refinance AKER05 that matures in November this year. The average maturity of our debt is now 3.9 years.

Even more importantly, Det norske put in place a robust and diversified capital structure after amending the covenants on the DETNOR02 bond loan, issuing a USD 300 million subordinated bond issue, obtaining a revolving credit facility of USD 550 million and increasing the available capacity of its reserve-based lending facility to USD 2.9 billion. With this new capital structure, Det norske has secured the funding for its work program until first oil at Johan Sverdrup.

We are mindful of the fact that our success in the bond market is built on trust, but trust is reciprocal. The bond market is less transparent and regulated than the equity market. Hence, it is primarily the issuers and investors themselves that manage the basis for this trust. That is why Aker has recently initiated a dialogue with key players in the market on how best to set the premises for open, transparent and professional discussions when solutions need to be found. Ultimately, we all have the same goal: to secure values.

Solid customer relationships are also based on trust. A good example of this is Ocean Yield, which has grown and diversified its customer base since listing on the Oslo Stock Exchange two years ago. Our oil services businesses, Aker Solutions, Kvaerner and Akastor, continue to benefit from similar customer relationships developed over decades of reliable performance. Despite the significant drop in overall activity, important contracts were awarded to our portfolio companies in the second quarter. Aker Solutions' MMO business area has been seriously impacted by the downturn over the last 18 months. Hence, the award of a long-term contract by Exxon Mobile for the Hebron field in Canada was celebrated as more than just another contract. Kvaerner Stord also had a great moment when the Johan Sverdrup living quarter topside contract was signed in June. Kvaerner's successful delivery of the Edvard Grieg topside, and adverse customer experiences with certain platforms fabricated in the Far East for the NCS, has reminded oil industry stakeholders of the fact that knowledge and experience accumulated over more than four decades on the Norwegian Continental Shelf still has some value.

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Despite the significant drop in overall activity, important contracts were awarded to our portfolio companies in the second quarter.

The above-mentioned contract awards and the relatively high level of tendering activity in oil service segments such as subsea, indicate that there are still opportunities to be pursued. The question is how to seize these opportunities with acceptable margins amid the race to cut costs. The entire industry acknowledges the need for simplification and cost reductions. As I have said before, sustainable solutions will need to be found by customers and suppliers jointly. Numerous improvement initiatives have been launched and we can already see some encouraging results, with costs reduced by double-digit percentages in certain parts of the value chain. What is less encouraging is the recent trend we see of more straight-forward procurement and aggressive price pressure to take advantage of the down cycle. Such practice will certainly benefit the initial cost calculations of individual field developments, but it won't bring the cost structure down permanently. We have seen it before. If not managed with discipline, the end-result could be weaker suppliers and higher costs due to unfortunate compromises on quality standards.

As principal shareholder, we encourage our businesses to take a proactive approach to the changes required in the oil and gas industry.



We can't wait for others to tell us how to reduce the complexity and costs of our delivery models. At the same time, we must continue to innovate, because more reliable and efficient solutions also require new technologies. I am convinced that our operating entities have the capabilities and leadership required to overcome this down cycle. On top of that, Aker's active ownership should provide a competitive advantage: it offers stability, support and trust.

Aker closes the second quarter with NOK 3.0 billion in cash. Our sizeable cash holding is by design: it enables us to move swiftly, if and when needed. We follow potential value-accretive transaction opportunities closely. While there is much activity going on behind the scenes, there have been few transactions announced in the market. Our experience is that the ongoing uncertainty in the energy market has not fully translated into lower asset prices. The bid-ask spread is still too high. The search continues and should the right opportunity present itself, Aker will be the first to act.

Some important management changes were announced this week. Frank O. Reite will become our new chief financial officer and Kristian Røkke will replace him as chief executive officer in Akastor. I've known Frank for 20 years and he was my first choice as new CFO for Aker. Frank's background will bring the CFO function closer to the management of our portfolio of investments. In addition, Frank knows the particularities of the Aker culture well and has the confidence of key stakeholders – two prerequisites to succeed as CFO of Aker. I am also looking forward to collaborating closely with Kristian as CEO of Akastor. The task at hand should not be underestimated and it will require a combined effort to manage Akastor through this downturn. I am confident that Kristian has the professional and personal skills required to succeed in this new role.

Our second-quarter presentation will be Trond Brandsrud's last as CFO of Aker. Trond will stay on as chairman of both Ocean Yield and Norron, so our collaboration will continue, though in a different format. I'm grateful for Trond's contribution to Aker over the last five years and in particular for all the support he has provided me with personally. I wish Trond all the best and hope for his continued success in the future.

Øyvind Eriksen
President and CEO

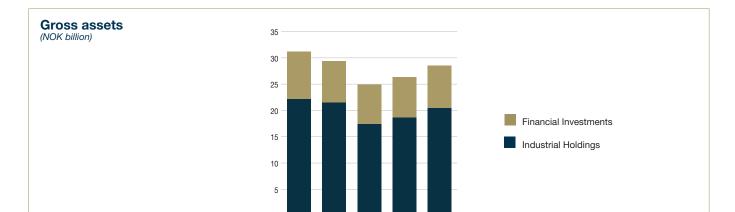


Aker ASA and holding companies

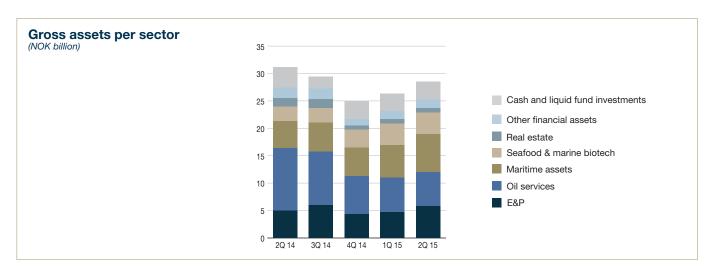
Assets and net assets value

Net asset value (NAV) composition - Aker ASA and holding companies

	As of 30	As of 30.06.2015		As of 31.03.2015		.12.2014
	NOK/share	NOK million	NOK/share	NOK million	NOK/share	NOK million
Industrial Holdings	275	20 411	257	18 619	240	17 360
Financial Investments	110	8 160	107	7 724	104	7 554
Gross assets	385	28 572	364	26 343	344	24 914
Total liabilities (4Q and 1Q before dividend allocations)	(102)	(7 609)	(100)	(7 240)	(100)	(7 235)
NAV (4Q and 1Q before dividend allocations)	282	20 963	264	19 103	244	17 679
Net interest-bearing receivables/(liabilities)		(3 714)		(3 506)		(3 426)
Number of shares outstanding (million)		74.304		72.346		72.346



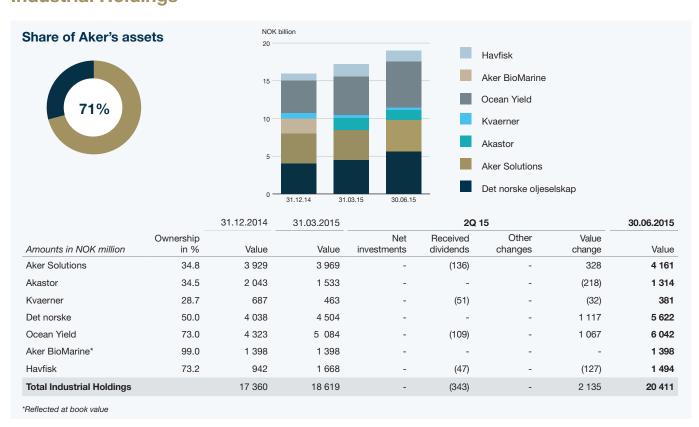
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Net asset value ("NAV") is a core performance indicator at Aker ASA. NAV expresses Aker's underlying value and is a key determinant of the company's dividend policy (annual dividend payments of 2-4 per cent of NAV). Net asset value is determined by applying the market value of exchange-listed shares, while book value is used for other assets. The same valuation principles apply to fund investments. Aker's assets (Aker ASA and holding companies) consist largely of equity investments in the Industrial Holdings segment, and of cash, receivables and fund investments in the Financial Investments segment. Other assets consist mainly of intangibles and tangible fixed assets. The chart above to the right shows the composition of Aker's assets. The business segments are discussed in greater detail on pages 6-8 of this report.



Aker – Segment information Industrial Holdings



The total value of Aker's Industrial Holdings increased by NOK 1.8 billion in the second quarter 2015 to NOK 20.4 billion. This compares to a value of NOK 18.6 billion as of 31 March 2015 and NOK 17.4 billion as of 31 December 2014.

Of the NOK 2.1 billion net positive value change in the second quarter, both Det norske and Ocean Yield stood for NOK 1.1 billion each and Aker Solutions for NOK 328 million. This was, however, partly offset by a value decrease of NOK 218 million in Akastor, NOK 127 million in Havfisk and NOK 32 million in Kvaerner.

The book value of Aker's non-listed holding, Aker BioMarine, remained at NOK 1.4 billion as per 30 June 2015.

Det norske

Det norske is an exploration and production company that operates on the Norwegian continental shelf. During the second quarter, the company strengthened its capital structure. This included a successful placement of a USD 300 million subordinated bond, a new revolving credit facility of USD 550 million and an increase in the available debt capacity of its reserve-based lending facility to USD 2.9 billion. With this, Det norske has secured funding for its work program until Johan Sverdrup starts production in 2019. Operationally, the Ivar Aasen project is progressing according to schedule and a milestone was reached when the steel jacket was installed offshore on 10 June. In terms of production, the Alvheim field continues to perform well, with high uptime on the FPSO. Det norske produced on average 58.4 kboed in the second quarter, compared to 64.9 kboepd in the first quarter. The MPE ruled on the Johan Sverdrup unitisation in July, reducing Det norske's interest stake to 11.57 per cent from 11.89 per cent. Det norske has decided to appeal the MPE's ruling to the King in Council. Going forward, Det norske should focus on its operations, in particular production at Alvheim and the Ivar Aasen development, and continue to selectively high-grade its portfolio.

Aker Solutions

Aker Solutions is a global oil services company that provides services, technologies, and product solutions within subsea and field design. The company operates in niches with high barriers to entry and is set up to generate an attractive return on capital. In response to the downturn in the oilfield services market, Aker is encouraging management to improve operational efficiency, cost competitiveness and strategic positioning through organic and partnership opportunities. Furthermore, Aker believes that Aker Solutions is well positioned to strengthen its position by expanding its product offering, regional footprint and key client relationships. Progress was made in this regard in the second quarter, with Aker Solutions winning its first offshore contract in Mexico for the Pemex-operated Lakach field, and announcing the expansion of its cooperation with Baker Hughes. The scope of the alliance was broadened to include early-phase engineering studies to address multiple segments of the value chain, from reservoir understanding to topside facilities. Aker Solutions reported results in the second quarter that were broadly in line with market consensus, but with a lower order intake than expected. The company maintains a strong balance sheet and a healthy backlog.

Akastor

Akastor is an oil-services investment company with a flexible mandate for active ownership and long-term value creation. The focus areas for management are to implement the value creation plans for each of the portfolio companies, adjust the cost base to reflect the new market environment and free up cash through the realisation of non-core assets. Through its businesses, Akastor is exposed to the challenging oilfield service market and in particular to the newbuild drilling rig segment. MHWirth, which provides drilling solutions and services, needs to adjust its cost base to the lower market demand, diversify its customer base and improve its service offering to ensure that a stronger company emerges from the downturn. Akastor reported mixed sec-



ond-quarter results, with MHWirth's revenues impacted by the down cycle in the offshore drilling market and restructuring charges. Most of Akastor's other businesses are performing in-line with expectations, despite the slump in the market. The headwinds MHWirth faces have impacted Akastor's share price performance year-to-date.

Kvaerner

Kvaerner is a specialised oil and gas-related EPC company. The company maintained good activity levels in the second quarter, with important milestones reached. The contract award for the Johan Sverdrup utility and living quarter topside amid significant international competition was an important win for Kvaerner, indicating that the company's efforts to improve competitiveness are having positive effects. Kvaerner also delivered the topside for the Edvard Grieg field on time and to agreed quality. The company will continue to work diligently to further improve its cost levels, productivity and competitiveness. Kvaerner's priority is to win new contracts at sound margins, while extracting value from the NOK 14 billion order backlog through continued delivery of projects on schedule and according to clients' specifications.

Ocean Yield

Ocean Yield is a maritime assets company with long-term contracts. The company's mandate is to build a diversified portfolio of vessels within oil service and industrial shipping, targeting long-term bareboat charters to credit-worthy counterparties. In April, Ocean Yield agreed to acquire eight newbuilding chemical tankers for a total consideration of USD 307 million, with 15-year bareboat charters to Navig8 Chemical Tankers Inc. Two of the vessels were delivered in the second quarter. The company raised a USD 220 million secured facility for Aker Wayfarer and successfully completed a new unsecured bond issue of NOK 1.0 billion, adding to its financial strength to fund further growth. As per the end of the second quarter, the company's estimated EBITDA backlog stood at USD 2.6 billion and the average remaining contract tenor (weighted by EBITDA) was 10.1 years. The company aims to deliver competitive returns to shareholders through share price growth

and increasing cash dividends. The company raised its quarterly dividend payment again in the second quarter.

Aker BioMarine

Aker BioMarine is an integrated biotechnology company that supplies krill-derived products to the consumer health and animal nutrition markets. Matts Johansen was appointed new chief executive officer in June and an expanded executive management team was subsequently announced. Harvesting continued to perform well in the second quarter. Qrill™ Aqua sales picked up, a seasonal trend that is expected to be maintained in the third quarter. In aggregate, Aker Bio-Marine expects to sell higher volumes of Qrill™ Aqua and Qrill™ Pet, at higher prices, year-on-year in 2015. This revenue growth should continue into 2016. Superba™ Krill Oil sales are still impacted by the weak market sentiment in the U.S. and the company reported lower sales than in previous quarters. It forecasts annual sales volumes on par or somewhat higher than in 2014. Aker BioMarine's krill oil factory in Houston is still ramping up production and the company is in the process of upgrading its technology to facilitate the development of new krill products. Aker BioMarine has established a platform for continued growth and is well positioned to expand globally.

Havfisk

Havfisk is Norway's largest white fish harvesting company. The company operates 29.6 cod licenses, which represent about 10 per cent of the national cod quotas. The company is working on increasing its capability of full deployment of quota volumes, improving harvesting efficiency and enhancing operational flexibility. Catch efficiency and white fish prices are the company's key value drivers. White fish prices remain strong, partially driven by reduced supply and the weakening of the Norwegian Krone against other currencies. Havfisk paid out a dividend of NOK 0.75 per share in May.

Results and Returns for Industrial Holdings¹⁾

	Aker	Solutions		Akastor		Kvaerner	Hav	fisk (NOK)
Amounts in NOK million	2Q15	2Q14	2Q15	2Q14	2Q15	2Q14	2Q15	2Q14
Revenue	8 048	8 060	3 693	6 013	3 125	2 861	257	226
EBITDA	547	608	141	-127	109	289	84	47
EBITDA margin (%)	6.8	7.5	3.8	-2.1	3.5	10.1	32.6	20.8
Net profit continued operations	209	388	-298	-1 132	62	123	29	-3
Closing share price (NOK/share)	44.00	N/A	13.90	N/A	4.93	12.60	24.10	11.95
Quarterly return (%) ³⁾	8.3	N/A	-14.3	N/A	-6.7	3.2	-7.6	20.7

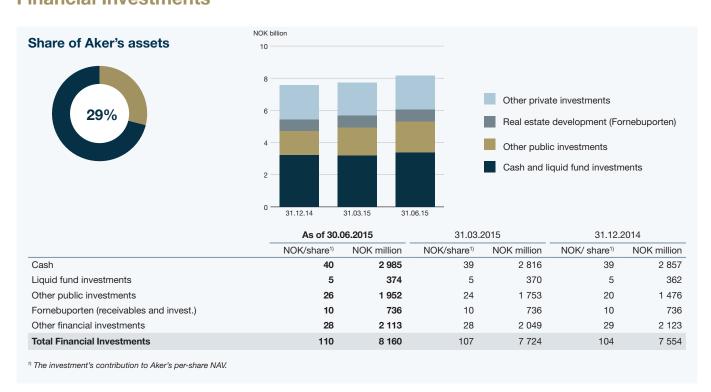
	C	et norske	00	cean Yield	Aker I	BioMarine
Amounts in USD million	2Q15	2Q14	2Q15	2Q14	2Q15	2Q14
Revenue	337	74	63	62	26	34
EBITDA ²⁾	264	54	56	55	11	8
EBITDA margin (%)	78.3	72.7	88.6	89.2	40.4	23.1
Net profit continued operations	7	27	26	17	1	1
Closing share price (NOK/share)	55.50	67	61.50	39.50	N/A	N/A
Quarterly return (%)3)	24.8	6.9	20.7	9.6	N/A	N/A

¹⁾ The figures refer to the full results reported by the companies. Reference is made to the respective companies' quarterly reports for further details. ²⁾ For Det norske, EBITDAX is used. EBITDAX is Earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, amortisation and exploration expenses.

³⁾ The figures refer to total shareholder return, i.e. share price development and dividend payments.



Aker – Segment information Financial Investments



Financial Investments comprise all of Aker's non-core assets, including cash, liquid fund investments, other public investments, real estate development (Fornebuporten) and other financial investments. The value of Aker's financial investments amounted to NOK 8.2 billion as of 30 June 2015, up from NOK 7.7 billion as of 31 March 2015 and NOK 7.6 billion as of 31 December 2014.

Aker's **Cash holdings** rose to NOK 3.0 billion in the second quarter 2015, from NOK 2.8 billion in the prior quarter. Aker successfully placed a NOK 1.0 billion bond issue in the second quarter and received a total of NOK 354 million in dividend payments from its portfolio of Industrial Holdings and Norron. Aker disbursed NOK 399 million in dividend to shareholders in June and repurchased NOK 108 million worth of AKER05 bonds. Additionally, Aker repaid NOK 500 million in bank debt in the quarter. The bank loan has been converted into a revolving credit facility and may be redrawn at any time until maturity.

Aker held NOK 374 million in **Liquid fund investments** at the end of the second quarter 2015, on par with the prior quarter and year-end 2014.

The value of **Other public investments** was NOK 2.0 billion as of 30 June 2015, up from NOK 1.8 billion in the first quarter and NOK 1.5 billion in the fourth quarter 2014. The value of Aker's investment in Aker Philadelphia Shipyard increased to NOK 1 078 million, compared to NOK 1 057 million in the prior quarter. The value of Aker's direct and indirect exposure to American Shipping Company rose to NOK 874 million, compared to NOK 696 million in the previous quarter.

Aker's investment in **Real estate development (Fornebuporten)** was unchanged from the two previous quarters at NOK 736 million. The in-

vestment is reflected at book value. Construction of the office buildings at Fornebuporten is progressing according to plan. Building B (representing two-thirds of the total construction volume) was completed in the second quarter 2015 and tenants have begun moving in. The remaining development is set to be completed in June 2016. As of the end of second quarter, the total leased area stood at 63 100 square meters out of a total of 67 600 square meters. The sales process for Fornebuporten's commercial real estate was initiated in the quarter.

Other financial investments amounted to NOK 2 113 million as of 30 June 2015, compared to NOK 2 049 million in the first quarter 2015 and NOK 2 123 million in the fourth quarter 2014.

Other financial investments consist of equity investments, internal and external receivables and other assets, of which the largest contributors are the investments in Align, Navigator Marine, Trygg Pharma, Setanta Energy and Ocean Harvest, in addition to intangible, fixed and non-interest bearing assets.



Aker ASA and holding companies

Combined balance sheet

Amounts in NOK million	30.06.2014	31.12.2014	31.03.2015	30.06.2015
Intangible, fixed, and non-interest bearing assets	250	262	267	278
Interest-bearing fixed assets	534	285	182	347
Investments ¹⁾	15 678	14 742	15 128	15 345
Non-interest bearing short-term receivables	21	19	22	20
Interest-bearing short-term receivables	76	133	170	43
Cash	3 095	2 857	2 816	2 985
Assets	19 655	18 299	18 585	19 018
Equity	12 621	10 341	10 621	11 409
Non-interest bearing debt	412	1 257	1 290	521
Interest-bearing debt to subsidiaries	5	5	-	-
Interest-bearing debt, external	6 617	6 696	6 673	7 089
Equity and liabilities	19 655	18 299	18 585	19 018
Net interest-bearing receivables (debt)	(2 916)	(3 426)	(3 506)	(3 714)
Equity ratio (%)	64	57	57	60

¹⁾ Aker ASA and holding companies prepares and presents its accounts in accordance with the Norwegian Accounting Act and generally accepted accounting practices (GAAP), to the extent applicable. Accordingly, exchange-listed shares owned by Aker ASA and holding companies are recorded in the balance sheet at the lower of market value and cost price. In accordance with Aker ASA and holding companies' accounting principles, acquisitions and disposals of companies are a part of the ordinary business. Consequently gains from sales of shares are classified as operating revenues in the combined profit and loss statement of the accounts. Gains and losses are only recognized to the extent assets are sold to third parties. Accounting principles are presented in Aker's 2014 annual report.

The total book value of assets increased in the second quarter 2015 by NOK 433 million to NOK 19.0 billion.

Intangible, fixed and non-interest bearing assets stood at NOK 278 million, compared to NOK 267 million as per end of the first quarter and NOK 262 million at year-end 2014. The main items in the category are fixtures, an aircraft and deferred tax assets.

Interest-bearing fixed assets rose by NOK 165 million to NOK 347 million in the second quarter, primarily due to the reclassification of NOK 130 million in AkerBioMarine debt from a short-term receivable to a long-term asset. Interest-bearing fixed assets stood at NOK 285 million as per end of 2014.

Investments increased NOK 218 million to NOK 15.3 billion in the second quarter 2015. This was primarily due to a NOK 269 million increase in the value of the share investment in the Det norske and a NOK 35 million increase in the directly-owned Aker Solutions share investment. However, this was partly offset by a NOK 40 million value decrease in the directly-owned Akastor investment and NOK 46 million in repaid capital from Converto Capital Fund. Investments stood at NOK 14.7 billion as per year-end 2014.

Aker's **Cash** holdings rose to NOK 3.0 billion in the second quarter 2015, from NOK 2.8 billion in the prior quarter. The increase was mainly due to Aker placing a NOK 1.0 billion bond issue in the quarter and receiving a total of NOK 354 million in dividend payments from its portfolio of Industrial Holdings and Norron. Aker disbursed NOK 399 million

in dividend to shareholders in June and repurchased NOK 108 million worth of AKER05 bonds. Additionally, Aker repaid NOK 500 million in bank debt in the quarter. The bank loan has been converted into a revolving credit facility and may be redrawn at any time until maturity.

Equity stood at NOK 11.4 billion at the end of the second quarter, compared to NOK 10.6 billion as per 31 March 2015 and NOK 10.3 billion at year-end 2014. The increase in the second quarter is mainly due to Aker posting a profit before tax of NOK 481 million in the quarter. Additionally, NOK 305 million was reclassified from non-interest bearing debt to equity due to shareholders exercising the option of receiving dividend in new shares.

Non-interest bearing debt fell to NOK 521 million at the end of the second quarter, from NOK 1.3 billion in the first quarter. The change is primarily due to NOK 723 million reserved for dividend payment, of which NOK 399 million was disbursed to shareholders in June. An additional NOK 20 million in withholding tax related to dividend payment will be paid out in July 2015. The remaining NOK 305 million was reclassified as equity as a consequence of shareholders choosing to receive part of their dividend in the form of new shares.

Interest-bearing debt, external rose to NOK 7.1 billion in the second quarter, from NOK 6.7 billion in the first quarter and year-end 2014. The increase is due to the placement of a NOK 1.0 billion bond issue, which was partly offset by the repayment of NOK 500 million in bank debt and the repurchase of NOK 108 million in Aker bonds.



Aker ASA and holding companies

Combined income statement

2Q 14 (50) (50)	1Q 15 (51) (51)	2Q 15 (52)	1H 14 (108)	1H 15 (103)	Year 2014 (223)
(50)	(51)	(52)	(108)		
				(103)	(223)
(50)	(51)	(50)			
	(01)	(52)	(108)	(103)	(223)
(4)	(4)	(4)	(7)	(8)	(15)
-	-	-	(37)	-	1
227	385	264	(30)	649	(1 432)
436	(53)	273	388	220	354
609	277	481	206	758	(1 316)
	227 436	227 385 436 (53)	227 385 264 436 (53) 273	(37) 227 385 264 (30) 436 (53) 273 388	(37) - 227 385 264 (30) 649 436 (53) 273 388 220

¹⁾ EBITDA = Earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation.

The income statement for Aker ASA and holding companies shows a pre-tax profit of NOK 481 million for the second quarter of 2015, compared to a NOK 277 million profit in the prior quarter. The NOK 758 million in profit before tax for the first half of 2015 compares to a NOK 206 million profit in the first half of 2014. As in previous periods, the income statement is mainly affected by value changes in share investments and dividends received.

Operating expenses in the quarter were NOK 52 million compared to NOK 51 million in the prior quarter. This compares to NOK 108 million in expenses in the first half of 2014.

Value change in the second quarter was positive NOK 264 million, mainly reflecting the increased value in Aker's holdings in Det norske. The positive value change of NOK 649 million in the first half of 2015 compares to a negative value change of NOK 30 million in the first half of 2014.

Net other financial items in the second quarter amounted to NOK 273 million, compared to minus NOK 53 million in the prior quarter. The increase in the second quarter is primarily due to NOK 353 million in dividends received and net currency effects. Net other financial items for the first half of 2014 stood at NOK 388 million.

Treasury shares and number of shares

Aker increased its share capital by 1 947 134 shares through a dividend issue in the second quarter 2015. The new shares started trading on Oslo Stock Exchange on 5 June 2015. As per 30 June 2015, the total number of shares in Aker amounted to 74 321 862 and the number of outstanding shares was 74 304 385. As per the same date, Aker ASA held 17 477 own shares.

Group consolidated accounts

The Aker Group's consolidated accounts are presented from page 13 onwards. Detailed information on revenues and pre-tax profit for each of Aker's operating segments is included in note 8 on page 18 of this report.



Risks

Aker ASA and each Aker company are exposed to various forms of market, operational and financial risks. Rather than diversifying risk by spreading investments across many different industries, Aker is focused on sectors in which the company possesses long-standing expertise. The company has established a model for risk management based upon identifying, assessing and monitoring major financial, strategic and operational risks in each business segment, drawing up contingency plans for those risks and closely monitoring the consolidated risk picture. The identified risks and how they are managed are reported to the Aker Board on a regular basis. Aker continuously works to improve its risk management process.

The main risks that Aker ASA and holding companies are exposed to are related to the value changes of the listed assets due to market price fluctuations, and unexpected developments in the companies' capital expenditures. The development of the global economy and energy prices in particular, as well as currency fluctuations, are important variables in assessing near-term market fluctuations.

The companies in Aker's portfolio are, like Aker, exposed to commercial risks, financial risks and market risks. In addition these companies, through their business activities within their respective sectors, are also exposed to legal/regulatory risks and political risks, i.e. political decisions on international sanctions that impact supply and demand, petroleum taxes and environmental regulations.

Aker's risk management, risks and uncertainties are described in the Annual Report for 2014. Aside from changes in current macroeconomic conditions, commodity prices, currency rates and related risks, no other significant changes have occurred subsequent to the publishing of the Annual Report for 2014.

Key events after the balance sheet date

After the close of the second quarter 2015, the following events occurred that affect Aker and the company's investments:

- Effective 17 July 2015, Converto Capital Fund (CCF) will be integrated into Aker ASA. Aker will acquire Fausken Invest AS' 9.99 per cent shareholding in Converto Capital Fund AS for NOK 24.7 million. The ownership interests in CCF's remaining assets will be developed and monetised in line with Aker's previously communicated strategy for its Financial Investments.
- On 13 July 2015, Ocean Yield ASA announced the acquisition of four newbuilding 115,000 dwt LR2 product tankers for a total consideration of USD 198.1 million, in combination with 13-year "hell and high water" bareboat charters to Navig8 Product Tankers Inc. The four vessels are scheduled for delivery in 2016.
- On 16 July 2015, Akastor ASA announced that its board of directors had appointed Kristian Røkke as its chief executive officer, effective 10 August 2015. Outgoing CEO Frank O. Reite has been appointed chief financial officer of Aker ASA. Aker will propose to the nomination committee of Akastor that Reite takes the position of chairman of the board of Akastor.
- On 16 July 2015, Kvaerner ASA announced that its board of directors had revised the dividend policy. The payment of dividend will depend on outlook, the company's liquidity and considerations such as alternative use of cash and strengthening of the company's financial structure. In periods of weak economic conditions, a dividend can be paid out as long as the group's capital structure permits it. In line with the amended dividend policy, Kvaerner's board of directors proposed a semi-annual dividend of NOK 0.15 per share, which will be paid out in October 2015.

Outlook

Investments in listed shares comprised some 73 per cent of the company's assets as per 30 June 2015. About 42 per cent of Aker's asset value was associated with the oil and gas sector. Maritime assets represented 24 per cent, seafood and marine biotechnology 14 per cent, cash and liquid fund investments 12 per cent, real estate development 3 per cent, while other assets amounted to 6 per cent. Aker's NAV will thus be influenced by fluctuations in commodity prices, exchange rates and developments on the Oslo Stock Exchange.

The decline in offshore exploration and production spending, driven by E&P companies' increased focus on capital discipline and free cash flow, combined with a significant drop in oil prices, have resulted in less market visibility and considerably more uncertainty in the oil and gas sector. Aker forecasts growth to resume in the long-term in the offshore oil services sector, mainly driven by the subsea and deepwater market segments. However, the company is preparing for a protracted slowdown in market activity, with delayed or cancelled investment decisions, renegotiations of existing contracts, continued focus on cost reductions and intensified competition. Certain oil service segments such as drilling are marked by oversupply and have yet to trough. More industry consolidation is likely going forward.

The market for white fish is still favourable, led by solid demand for cod, and the biomass availability for white fish is expected to remain good. The sales of omega-3 ingredients to the human market are still influenced by a soft market sentiment, while demand in the animal feed ingredient segment is developing favourably.

Aker's strong balance sheet ensures that the company is capable of facing unforeseen operational challenges and short-term market fluctuations. As an industrial investment company, Aker will use its resources and competences primarily to promote and support the development of the companies in its portfolio, but also to consider new investment opportunities.

Oslo, 16 July 2015 Board of Directors and President and CEO



Financial calendar 2015

18 November Presentation of 3Q 2015

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AKER NO in Bloomberg AKER.OL in Reuters

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Aker Group

Condensed consolidated financial statements for the first half 2015

Consolidated income statement

		2Q	2Q	January-	lune	Year
Amounts in NOK million	Note	2015	2014	2015	2014	2014
THIS WILL THE TOTAL THE TO	. 1010					
Operating revenues	8	18 227	17 370	37 984	33 346	70 782
Operating expenses	ŭ	(15 056)	(15 347)	(31 423)	(29 675)	(63 058)
Operating profit before depreciation and amortization		3 170	2 023	6 560	3 671	7 725
Depreciation and amortization	9	(1 649)	(675)	(3 321)	(1 373)	(3 594)
Impairment changes	9,10	(13)	(1 145)	(517)	(1 145)	(4 091)
Operating profit		1 508	203	2 723	1 153	39
Net financial items		(709)	(397)	(941)	(812)	(1 478)
Share of earnings in associated companies		(11)	(292)	(38)	31	(3)
Profit before tax	8	788	(487)	1 743	372	(1 442)
Income tax expense		(541)	48	(1 275)	55	(187)
Net profit/loss from continuing operations		247	(438)	469	427	(1 629)
		-			i=::	<u>\</u>
Discontinued operations:						
Profit and gain on sale from discontinued operations, net of tax		(31)	(27)	53	2 777	2 650
Profit for the period		216	(466)	522	3 205	1 021
			(100)		0 200	
Equity holders of the parent		137	(311)	282	1 117	(39)
Minority interests		79	(154)	240	2 088	1 060
Williams with the second		70	(101)	2-10	2 000	1 000
Average number of shares outstanding (million)	6	73,0	72,3	72,7	72,3	72,3
Two rago nambor or onarco outstanding (minori)	Ü	70,0	72,0	,.	72,0	72,0
Basic earnings and diluted earnings per share continuing business (NOK)		2,04	(4,19)	3,71	2,71	(12,69)
Basic earnings and diluted earnings per share (NOK)		1,88	(4,30)	3,88	15,44	(0,54)
Consolidated statement of comprehensive i	ncomo					
Consolidated statement of comprehensive i	ncome					
Consolidated statement of comprehensive i	ncome	20	20		I	V
·	ncome	2Q	2Q	January-		Year
Consolidated statement of comprehensive i	ncome	2Q 2015	2Q 2014	January- 2015	June 2014	Year 2014
Amounts in NOK million	ncome	2015	2014	2015	2014	2014
·	ncome			_		
Amounts in NOK million Profit for the period	ncome	2015	2014	2015	2014	2014
Amounts in NOK million	ncome	2015	2014	2015	2014	2014
Amounts in NOK million Profit for the period Other comprehensive income, net of income tax:	ncome	2015	2014	2015	2014	2014
Amounts in NOK million Profit for the period Other comprehensive income, net of income tax: Items that will not be reclassified to income statement:	ncome	2015	2014	2015	2014 3 205	201 <u>4</u> 1 021
Amounts in NOK million Profit for the period Other comprehensive income, net of income tax: Items that will not be reclassified to income statement: Defined benefit plan actuarial gains (losses)	ncome	2015 216	(466)	2015 522	2014 3 205 (1)	2014
Amounts in NOK million Profit for the period Other comprehensive income, net of income tax: Items that will not be reclassified to income statement: Defined benefit plan actuarial gains (losses) Defined benefit plan actuarial gains (losses) in associated companies	ncome	2015	2014	2015	2014 3 205	2014 1 021 (364)
Amounts in NOK million Profit for the period Other comprehensive income, net of income tax: Items that will not be reclassified to income statement: Defined benefit plan actuarial gains (losses)	ncome	2015 216 - 8	2014 (466)	2015 522 - 8	2014 3 205 (1)	201 <u>4</u> 1 021
Amounts in NOK million Profit for the period Other comprehensive income, net of income tax: Items that will not be reclassified to income statement: Defined benefit plan actuarial gains (losses) Defined benefit plan actuarial gains (losses) in associated companies	ncome	2015 216 - 8	2014 (466)	2015 522 - 8	2014 3 205 (1)	2014 1 021 (364)
Amounts in NOK million Profit for the period Other comprehensive income, net of income tax: Items that will not be reclassified to income statement: Defined benefit plan actuarial gains (losses) Defined benefit plan actuarial gains (losses) in associated companies Items that will not be reclassified to income statement	ncome	2015 216 - 8	2014 (466)	2015 522 - 8	2014 3 205 (1)	2014 1 021 (364)
Amounts in NOK million Profit for the period Other comprehensive income, net of income tax: Items that will not be reclassified to income statement: Defined benefit plan actuarial gains (losses) Defined benefit plan actuarial gains (losses) in associated companies Items that will not be reclassified to income statement Items that may be reclassified subsequently to income statement:	ncome	2015 216 - 8 8	2014 (466)	2015 522 - 8 8	2014 3 205 (1) 1	2014 1 021 (364)
Amounts in NOK million Profit for the period Other comprehensive income, net of income tax: Items that will not be reclassified to income statement: Defined benefit plan actuarial gains (losses) Defined benefit plan actuarial gains (losses) in associated companies Items that will not be reclassified to income statement Items that may be reclassified subsequently to income statement: Changes in fair value of financial assets	ncome	2015 216 - 8 8	2014 (466)	2015 522 - 8 8	2014 3 205 (1) 1 - 7 (409)	2014 1 021 (364) (364) (81)
Amounts in NOK million Profit for the period Other comprehensive income, net of income tax: Items that will not be reclassified to income statement: Defined benefit plan actuarial gains (losses) Defined benefit plan actuarial gains (losses) in associated companies Items that will not be reclassified to income statement Items that may be reclassified subsequently to income statement: Changes in fair value of financial assets Changes in fair value cash flow hedges Reclassified to profit or loss: changes in fair value of available-for-sale financial assets, translation and cash flow hedges	ncome	2015 216 - 8 8	2014 (466)	2015 522 - 8 8	2014 3 205 (1) 1	2014 1 021 (364) (364) (81)
Amounts in NOK million Profit for the period Other comprehensive income, net of income tax: Items that will not be reclassified to income statement: Defined benefit plan actuarial gains (losses) Defined benefit plan actuarial gains (losses) in associated companies Items that will not be reclassified to income statement Items that may be reclassified subsequently to income statement: Changes in fair value of financial assets Changes in fair value cash flow hedges Reclassified to profit or loss: changes in fair value of available-for-sale financial assets, translation and cash flow hedges Currency translation differences	ncome	2015 216 - 8 8 8 - 115 48 182 (217)	2014 (466) - 2 2 2 (1) (308)	2015 522 - 8 8 8 (578) 191 1 188	2014 3 205 (1) 1 - 7 (409)	2014 1 021 (364) - (364) (81) (1 823) 418 4 099
Amounts in NOK million Profit for the period Other comprehensive income, net of income tax: Items that will not be reclassified to income statement: Defined benefit plan actuarial gains (losses) Defined benefit plan actuarial gains (losses) in associated companies Items that will not be reclassified to income statement Items that may be reclassified subsequently to income statement: Changes in fair value of financial assets Changes in fair value cash flow hedges Reclassified to profit or loss: changes in fair value of available-for-sale financial assets, translation and cash flow hedges Currency translation differences Change in other comprehensive income from associated companies	ncome	2015 216 - 8 8 8 - 115 48 - 182 (217) (12)	2014 (466) - 2 2 2 (1) (308) - 18 502	2015 522 - 8 8 8 (578) 191 1 188 (6)	2014 3 205 (1) 1 - 7 (409) 39 299 -	2014 1 021 (364) (364) (81) (1 823) 418 4 099 47
Amounts in NOK million Profit for the period Other comprehensive income, net of income tax: Items that will not be reclassified to income statement: Defined benefit plan actuarial gains (losses) Defined benefit plan actuarial gains (losses) in associated companies Items that will not be reclassified to income statement Items that may be reclassified subsequently to income statement: Changes in fair value of financial assets Changes in fair value cash flow hedges Reclassified to profit or loss: changes in fair value of available-for-sale financial assets, translation and cash flow hedges Currency translation differences Change in other comprehensive income from associated companies Items that may be reclassified subsequently to income statement	ncome	2015 216	2014 (466) - 2 2 2 (1) (308) - 18 502 - 212	2015 522 - 8 8 8 (578) 191 1 188 (6) 843	2014 3 205 (1) 1 - 7 (409) 39 299 - (64)	2014 1 021 (364) (364) (81) (1 823) 418 4 099 47 2 660
Amounts in NOK million Profit for the period Other comprehensive income, net of income tax: Items that will not be reclassified to income statement: Defined benefit plan actuarial gains (losses) Defined benefit plan actuarial gains (losses) in associated companies Items that will not be reclassified to income statement Items that may be reclassified subsequently to income statement: Changes in fair value of financial assets Changes in fair value cash flow hedges Reclassified to profit or loss: changes in fair value of available-for-sale financial assets, translation and cash flow hedges Currency translation differences Change in other comprehensive income from associated companies Items that may be reclassified subsequently to income statement Other comprehensive income, net of income tax	ncome	2015 216	2014 (466) - 2 2 2 (1) (308) 18 502 - 212 214	2015 522 - 8 8 8 (578) 191 1 188 (6) 843 851	2014 3 205 (1) 1 - 7 (409) 39 299 - (64) (63)	2014 1 021 (364) (364) (81) (1 823) 418 4 099 47 2 660 2 296
Amounts in NOK million Profit for the period Other comprehensive income, net of income tax: Items that will not be reclassified to income statement: Defined benefit plan actuarial gains (losses) Defined benefit plan actuarial gains (losses) in associated companies Items that will not be reclassified to income statement Items that may be reclassified subsequently to income statement: Changes in fair value of financial assets Changes in fair value cash flow hedges Reclassified to profit or loss: changes in fair value of available-for-sale financial assets, translation and cash flow hedges Currency translation differences Change in other comprehensive income from associated companies Items that may be reclassified subsequently to income statement	ncome	2015 216	2014 (466) - 2 2 2 (1) (308) - 18 502 - 212	2015 522 - 8 8 8 (578) 191 1 188 (6) 843	2014 3 205 (1) 1 - 7 (409) 39 299 - (64)	2014 1 021 (364) (364) (81) (1 823) 418 4 099 47 2 660
Amounts in NOK million Profit for the period Other comprehensive income, net of income tax: Items that will not be reclassified to income statement: Defined benefit plan actuarial gains (losses) Defined benefit plan actuarial gains (losses) in associated companies Items that will not be reclassified to income statement Items that may be reclassified subsequently to income statement: Changes in fair value of financial assets Changes in fair value cash flow hedges Reclassified to profit or loss: changes in fair value of available-for-sale financial assets, translation and cash flow hedges Currency translation differences Change in other comprehensive income from associated companies Items that may be reclassified subsequently to income statement Other comprehensive income, net of income tax Total comprehensive income for the period	ncome	2015 216	2014 (466) - 2 2 2 (1) (308) 18 502 - 212 214	2015 522 - 8 8 8 (578) 191 1 188 (6) 843 851	2014 3 205 (1) 1 - 7 (409) 39 299 - (64) (63)	2014 1 021 (364) (364) (81) (1 823) 418 4 099 47 2 660 2 296
Amounts in NOK million Profit for the period Other comprehensive income, net of income tax: Items that will not be reclassified to income statement: Defined benefit plan actuarial gains (losses) Defined benefit plan actuarial gains (losses) in associated companies Items that will not be reclassified to income statement Items that may be reclassified subsequently to income statement: Changes in fair value of financial assets Changes in fair value cash flow hedges Reclassified to profit or loss: changes in fair value of available-for-sale financial assets, translation and cash flow hedges Currency translation differences Change in other comprehensive income from associated companies Items that may be reclassified subsequently to income statement Other comprehensive income, net of income tax Total comprehensive income for the period Attributable to:	ncome	2015 216	2014 (466) - 2 2 2 (1) (308) 18 502 - 212 214 (251)	2015 522 - 8 8 8 (578) 191 1 188 (6) 843 851 1 373	2014 3 205 (1) 1 - 7 (409) 39 299 - (64) (63) 3 141	2014 1 021 (364) (364) (81) (1 823) 418 4 099 47 2 660 2 296 3 316
Amounts in NOK million Profit for the period Other comprehensive income, net of income tax: Items that will not be reclassified to income statement: Defined benefit plan actuarial gains (losses) Defined benefit plan actuarial gains (losses) in associated companies Items that will not be reclassified to income statement Items that may be reclassified subsequently to income statement: Changes in fair value of financial assets Changes in fair value cash flow hedges Reclassified to profit or loss: changes in fair value of available-for-sale financial assets, translation and cash flow hedges Currency translation differences Change in other comprehensive income from associated companies Items that may be reclassified subsequently to income statement Other comprehensive income, net of income tax Total comprehensive income for the period	ncome	2015 216	2014 (466) - 2 2 2 (1) (308) 18 502 - 212 214	2015 522 - 8 8 8 (578) 191 1 188 (6) 843 851	2014 3 205 (1) 1 - 7 (409) 39 299 - (64) (63)	(364) (364) (364) (81) (1 823) 418 4 099 47 2 660 2 296

Consolidated balance sheet

Amounts in NOK million Note 2015 2014 2014 Assets Assets Property, plant & equipment 9 51 214 27 683 45 901 Intangible assets 9 31 574 17 455 30 850 Deferred tax sasets 9 31 574 17 455 30 850 Deferred tax sasets 9 684 1 502 Deferred tax sasets 1 369 964 1 502 Deferred tax sasets 1 206 1 862 1 267 Intenses the age of the sasets 1 206 1 862 1 267 Intenses the age of the sasets 1 206 1 862 1 267 Intenses the age of the sasets 3 021 2 57 16 8 260 360 2 60 2 60 360	A NOV. III	N	At 30.06	At 30.06	At 31.12
Non-current assets Property, plant & equipment 9 51 214 27 683 45 901 Intangible assets 9 31 574 17 455 30 850 Deferred tax assets 868 1 959 912 Investment in equity accounted companies 1 369 964 1 502 Other shares 1 206 1862 1 267 Interest-bearing long-term receivables 2 488 1 923 1 809 Calculated tax receivable - 415 - Calculated tax receivable 302 456 360 Total non-current assets 39 021 52 716 82 600 Current assets Inventory, trade and other receivables 31 327 26 798 32 633 Calculated tax receivable 336 1617 185 Interest-bearing short-term receivables 493 535 588 Cash and bank deposits 9 853 8 48 1200 Total current assets 2 231 2 025 206 Cassets classiffied as hel	Amounts in NOK million	Note	2015	2014	2014
Property, plant & equipment 9 51 214 27 683 45 901 Intangible assets 9 31 574 17 455 30 850 Deferred tax assets 868 1868 1 509 912 Investment in equity accounted companies 1 369 964 1 502 Other shares 1 206 1 862 1 267 Interest-bearing long-term receivables 2 488 1923 1 809 Calculated tax receivable - 415 - Other non-current assets 30 02 456 360 Total non-current assets 3 13 27 26 798 32 633 Calculated and other receivables 3 36 1 617 185 Inventory, trade and other receivables 3 36 1 617 185 Calculated tax receivable 336 1 617 185 Interest-bearing short-term receivables 9 853 8 48 12 000 Total current assets 2 42 009 3 38 45 406 Assets classified as held for sale 565 744 906	Assets				
Intangible assets 9 31 574 17 455 30 850 Deferred tax assets 868 1 959 912 Investment in equity accounted companies 1 369 964 1 502 Other shares 1 206 1 862 1 267 Interest-bearing long-term receivables 2 488 1 923 1 809 Calculated tax receivable 302 456 360 Other non-current assets 302 456 360 Total non-current assets 31 327 26 798 32 633 Calculated tax receivables 336 1 617 185 Calculated tax receivable 338 1 647 185 Calculated tax receivable 328 1 59	Non-current assets				
Intangible assets 9 31 574 17 455 30 850 Deferred tax assets 868 1 959 912 Investment in equity accounted companies 1 369 964 1 502 Other shares 1 206 1 862 1 267 Interest-bearing long-term receivables 2 488 1 923 1 809 Calculated tax receivable 302 456 360 Other non-current assets 89 021 52 716 82 600 Current assets Inventory, trade and other receivables 31 327 26 798 32 633 Calculated tax receivable 336 1 617 185 Interest-bearing short-term receivables 338 1 617 185 Cash and bank deposits 9 853 8 48 1 2000 Total current assets 42 009 37 398 45 406 Assets classified as held for sale 565 744 906 Total assets 2 331 2 025 2 026 Retained earnings and other reserve 6 802 6 819 6 697 </td <td>Property, plant & equipment</td> <td>9</td> <td>51 214</td> <td>27 683</td> <td>45 901</td>	Property, plant & equipment	9	51 214	27 683	45 901
Deferred tax assets 868 1 959 912 Investment in equity accounted companies 1 369 964 1 502 Other shares 1 206 1 862 1 267 Interest-bearing long-term receivables 2 488 1 923 1 809 Calculated tax receivable 3 02 456 360 Other non-current assets 39 021 52 70 32 60 Total non-current assets 39 021 52 70 32 60 Current assets 31 327 26 798 32 633 Calculated tax receivables 31 327 26 798 32 633 Calculated tax receivables 493 535 588 Cash and bank deposits 9 853 8 481 12 000 Cash and bank deposits 9 853 8 448 12 000 Assets classified as held for sale 565 744 900 Equity and liabilities 2 31 50 607 Paid in capital 2 331 8 45 8 723 Retained earnings and other reserve 6 802 8 19		9	31 574	17 455	30 850
Other shares 1 206 1 862 1 207 Interest-bearing long-term receivables 2 488 1 923 1 808 Calculated tax receivable - 1 455 - 806 Other non-current assets 302 456 360 Total non-current assets 89 021 52 716 82 600 Current assets Inventory, trade and other receivables 31 327 26 798 32 633 Calculated tax receivable 336 1 617 185 Interest-bearing short-term receivables 493 535 588 Cash and bank deposits 9 853 8 448 12 000 Total current assets 42 009 37 398 45 406 Assets classified as held for sale 565 744 906 Total assets 2 331 2 025 2 82 Equity and liabilities 2 331 2 025 2 82 Paid in capital 2 331 2 025 2 82 Retained earnings and other reserve 6 802 6 819 6 697 Total equity attribut	•		868	1 959	912
Interest-bearing long-term receivables	Investment in equity accounted companies		1 369	964	1 502
Calculated tax receivable Other non-current assets 3 color of the pronour assets 302 color of the pronour assets 415 color of the pronour assets 302 color of the pronour assets 31 327 color of the pronour assets 32 63 color of the pronour assets 400 color of the pronour assets 32 63 color of the pronour assets 42 009 color of the pronour assets 31 505 color of the pronour assets 32 63 color of the pronour assets 32 50 color of the pronour assets	Other shares		1 206	1 862	1 267
Other non-current assets 302 456 360 Total non-current assets 89 021 52 716 82 600 Current assets 89 021 52 716 82 600 Current assets 31 327 26 798 32 633 Calculated tax receivable 336 1 617 185 Interest-bearing short-term receivables 493 535 588 Cash and bank deposits 9 853 8448 1208 Cash and bank deposits 9 853 8448 1208 Cash and bank deposits 42 009 37 398 45 06 Assets classified as held for sale 565 744 906 Total assets 31 1595 90 859 128 912 Equity and liabilities 2 2331 2 025 2 026 Retained earnings and other reserve 6 802 6 819 6 697 Total equity attributable to equity holders of the parent 6 9 133 8 945 8 723 Interest-bearing loans 7 46 141 26 408 38 918 Deferred tax liabilities	Interest-bearing long-term receivables		2 488	1 923	1 809
Current assets 89 021 52 716 82 600 Current assets Inventory, trade and other receivables 31 327 26 798 32 633 Calculated tax receivable 336 1 617 185 Interest-bearing short-term receivables 493 535 588 Cash and bank deposits 9 853 8 448 12 000 Total current assets 42 009 37 398 45 406 Assets classified as held for sale 565 744 906 Total assets 131 595 90 859 128 912 Equity and liabilities 2 331 2 025 2 026 Retained earnings and other reserve 6 802 6 819 6 697 Total equity attributable to equity holders of the parent 6 9 133 8 845 8 723 Minority interest 22 698 21 182 22 669 Total equity attributable to equity holders of the parent 6 9 133 8 845 8 723 Minority interest 2 26 698 21 18 22 2669 Total equity attributable to equity holders of the	Calculated tax receivable		-	415	-
Current assets 31 327 26 798 32 633 Calculated tax receivable 336 1 617 185 Interest-bearing short-term receivables 493 535 588 Cash and bank deposits 9 853 8 448 12 000 Total current assets 42 009 37 398 45 406 Assets classified as held for sale 565 744 906 Total assets 131 595 90 859 128 912 Equity and liabilities 2 331 2 025 2 026 Retained earnings and other reserve 6 802 6 819 6 697 Total equity attributable to equity holders of the parent 6 9 9133 8 845 8 723 Minority interest 22 698 21 182 22 669 Total equity 31 831 30 026 31 392 Non-current liabilities 7 46 141 26 408 38 918 Interest-bearing loans 7 46 141 26 408 38 918 Peferred tax liability 12 834 3 269 11 845 Provisions and other long-term liabiliti	Other non-current assets		302	456	360
Inventory, trade and other receivables 31 327 26 798 32 631 Calculated tax receivable 336 1 617 185 Interest-bearing short-term receivables 493 555 588 Cash and bank deposits 9 853 8 448 12 000 Total current assets 42 009 37 398 45 406 Assets classified as held for sale 565 744 906 Total assets 131 595 90 859 128 912 Equity and liabilities 2 331 2 025 2 026 Retained earnings and other reserve 6 802 6 819 6 697 Total equity attributable to equity holders of the parent 6 9 133 8 845 8 723 Minority interest 22 698 21 182 22 669 Total equity 31 831 30 026 31 392 Non-current liabilities 7 46 141 26 408 38 918 Deferred tax liability 12 834 3 269 11 845 Provisions and other long-term liabilities 6 5079 3 2 677 56 949 <t< td=""><td>Total non-current assets</td><td></td><td>89 021</td><td>52 716</td><td>82 600</td></t<>	Total non-current assets		89 021	52 716	82 600
Inventory, trade and other receivables 31 327 26 798 32 631 Calculated tax receivable 336 1 617 185 Interest-bearing short-term receivables 493 555 588 Cash and bank deposits 9853 8 448 12 000 Total current assets 42 009 37 398 45 406 Assets classified as held for sale 565 744 906 Total assets 131 595 90 859 128 912 Equity and liabilities 2 331 2 025 2 026 Retained earnings and other reserve 6 802 6 819 6 697 Total equity attributable to equity holders of the parent 6 9 133 8 845 8 723 Minority interest 22 698 21 182 22 669 Total equity 31 831 30 026 31 392 Non-current liabilities 7 46 141 26 408 38 918 Deferred tax liability 12 834 3 269 11 845 Provisions and other long-term liabilities 6 5079 3 2 677 56 949 <td< td=""><td>Current assets</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	Current assets				
Calculated tax receivable 336 1 617 185 Interest-bearing short-term receivables 493 535 588 Cash and bank deposits 9 853 8 448 12 000 Total current assets 42 009 37 398 45 406 Assets classified as held for sale 565 744 906 Total assets 131 595 90 859 128 912 Equity and liabilities 2 331 2 025 2 026 Retained earnings and other reserve 6 802 689 6697 Total equity attributable to equity holders of the parent 6 9 133 8 845 8 723 Minority interest 2 2 698 21 182 22 669 Total equity 31 831 30 026 31 392 Non-current liabilities 7 46 141 26 408 38 918 Provisions and other long-term liabilities 6 104 3 000 6 186 Total non-current liabilities 6 104 3 000 6 186 Total non-current liabilities 7 3 886 2 576 4 898			31 327	26 798	32 633
Interest-bearing short-term receivables 493 535 588 Cash and bank deposits 9 853 8 448 12 000 Total current assets 42 009 37 398 45 406 Assets classified as held for sale 565 744 906 Total assets 131 595 90 859 128 912 Equity and liabilities 2 331 2 025 2 026 Retained earnings and other reserve 6 802 6 819 6 697 Total equity attributable to equity holders of the parent 6 9133 8 845 8 723 Minority interest 22 698 21 182 22 669 Total equity 31 331 30 026 31 392 Non-current liabilities 7 46 141 26 408 38 918 Deferred tax liability 12 834 3 269 11 84 Provisions and other long-term liabilities 6 104 3 000 6 136 Total non-current liabilities 6 5 079 32 677 56 949 Current liabilities 7 3 886 2 576 4 898					
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Equity and liabilities Paid in capital 2 331 2 025 2 026 Retained earnings and other reserve 6 802 6 819 6 697 Total equity attributable to equity holders of the parent 6 9 133 8 845 8 723 Minority interest 22 698 21 182 22 669 Total equity 31 831 30 026 31 392 Non-current liabilities Interest-bearing loans 7 46 141 26 408 38 918 Deferred tax liability 12 834 3 269 11 845 Provisions and other long-term liabilities 6 104 3 000 6 186 Total non-current liabilities 65 079 32 677 56 949 Current liabilities Short-term interest-bearing debt 7 3 886 2 576 4 898 Tax payable, trade and other payables 30 763 25 530 35 623 Total current liabilities 34 649 28 105 40 521 Total liabilities 99 728 60 782 97 470 Liabilities classified as held for sale <td></td> <td></td> <td>131 595</td> <td>90 859</td> <td></td>			131 595	90 859	
Paid in capital 2 331 2 025 2 026 Retained earnings and other reserve 6 802 6 819 6 697 Total equity attributable to equity holders of the parent 6 9 133 8 845 8 723 Minority interest 22 698 21 182 22 669 Total equity 31 831 30 026 31 392 Non-current liabilities 7 46 141 26 408 38 918 Deferred tax liability 12 834 3 269 11 845 Provisions and other long-term liabilities 6 104 3 000 6 186 Total non-current liabilities 65 079 32 677 56 949 Current liabilities 7 3 886 2 576 4 898 Tax payable, trade and other payables 30 763 25 530 35 623 Total current liabilities 34 649 28 105 40 521 Total liabilities 99 728 60 782 97 470 Liabilities classified as held for sale 36 50 51					
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Total equity attributable to equity holders of the parent 6 9 133 8 845 8 723 Minority interest 22 698 21 182 22 669 Total equity 31 831 30 026 31 392 Non-current liabilities 8 141 26 408 38 918 Interest-bearing loans 7 46 141 26 408 38 918 Deferred tax liability 12 834 3 269 11 845 Provisions and other long-term liabilities 6 104 3 000 6 186 Total non-current liabilities 65 079 32 677 56 949 Current liabilities 7 3 886 2 576 4 898 Tax payable, trade and other payables 30 763 25 530 35 623 Total current liabilities 34 649 28 105 40 521 Total liabilities 99 728 60 782 97 470 Liabilities classified as held for sale 36 50 51	Paid in capital		2 331	2 025	2 026
Minority interest 22 698 21 182 22 669 Total equity 31 831 30 026 31 392 Non-current liabilities Value of the parameter	Retained earnings and other reserve		6 802	6 819	6 697
Non-current liabilities 7 46 141 46 141 26 408 38 918 38 918 Deferred tax liability 12 834 3 269 11 845 3 269 11 845 Provisions and other long-term liabilities 6 104 3 000 6 186 6 104 3 000 6 186 Total non-current liabilities 65 079 32 677 56 949 Current liabilities 7 3 886 2 576 4 898 Tax payable, trade and other payables 30 763 25 530 35 623 Total current liabilities 34 649 28 105 40 521 Total liabilities 99 728 60 782 97 470 Liabilities classified as held for sale 36 50 51	Total equity attributable to equity holders of the parent	6	9 133	8 845	8 723
Non-current liabilities Interest-bearing loans 7 46 141 26 408 38 918 Deferred tax liability 12 834 3 269 11 845 Provisions and other long-term liabilities 6 104 3 000 6 186 Total non-current liabilities 65 079 32 677 56 949 Current liabilities 7 3 886 2 576 4 898 Tax payable, trade and other payables 30 763 25 530 35 623 Total current liabilities 34 649 28 105 40 521 Total liabilities 99 728 60 782 97 470 Liabilities classified as held for sale 36 50 51	Minority interest		22 698	21 182	22 669
Interest-bearing loans 7 46 141 26 408 38 918 Deferred tax liability 12 834 3 269 11 845 Provisions and other long-term liabilities 6 104 3 000 6 186 Total non-current liabilities 65 079 32 677 56 949 Current liabilities 7 3 886 2 576 4 898 Tax payable, trade and other payables 30 763 25 530 35 623 Total current liabilities 34 649 28 105 40 521 Total liabilities 99 728 60 782 97 470 Liabilities classified as held for sale 36 50 51	Total equity		31 831	30 026	31 392
Interest-bearing loans 7 46 141 26 408 38 918 Deferred tax liability 12 834 3 269 11 845 Provisions and other long-term liabilities 6 104 3 000 6 186 Total non-current liabilities 65 079 32 677 56 949 Current liabilities 7 3 886 2 576 4 898 Tax payable, trade and other payables 30 763 25 530 35 623 Total current liabilities 34 649 28 105 40 521 Total liabilities 99 728 60 782 97 470 Liabilities classified as held for sale 36 50 51					
Deferred tax liability 12 834 3 269 11 845 Provisions and other long-term liabilities 6 104 3 000 6 186 Total non-current liabilities 65 079 32 677 56 949 Current liabilities 7 3 886 2 576 4 898 Tax payable, trade and other payables 30 763 25 530 35 623 Total current liabilities 34 649 28 105 40 521 Total liabilities 99 728 60 782 97 470 Liabilities classified as held for sale 36 50 51	Non-current liabilities				
Provisions and other long-term liabilities 6 104 3 000 6 186 Total non-current liabilities 65 079 32 677 56 949 Current liabilities 8 2 576 4 898 Short-term interest-bearing debt 7 3 886 2 576 4 898 Tax payable, trade and other payables 30 763 25 530 35 623 Total current liabilities 34 649 28 105 40 521 Total liabilities 99 728 60 782 97 470 Liabilities classified as held for sale 36 50 51	Interest-bearing loans	7	46 141	26 408	38 918
Current liabilities 65 079 32 677 56 949 Current liabilities 7 3 886 2 576 4 898 Short-term interest-bearing debt 7 3 886 2 576 4 898 Tax payable, trade and other payables 30 763 25 530 35 623 Total current liabilities 34 649 28 105 40 521 Total liabilities 99 728 60 782 97 470 Liabilities classified as held for sale 36 50 51	Deferred tax liability		12 834	3 269	11 845
Current liabilities Short-term interest-bearing debt 7 3 886 2 576 4 898 Tax payable, trade and other payables 30 763 25 530 35 623 Total current liabilities 34 649 28 105 40 521 Total liabilities 99 728 60 782 97 470 Liabilities classified as held for sale 36 50 51	Provisions and other long-term liabilities		6 104	3 000	6 186
Short-term interest-bearing debt 7 3 886 2 576 4 898 Tax payable, trade and other payables 30 763 25 530 35 623 Total current liabilities 34 649 28 105 40 521 Total liabilities 99 728 60 782 97 470 Liabilities classified as held for sale 36 50 51	Total non-current liabilities		65 079	32 677	56 949
Tax payable, trade and other payables 30 763 25 530 35 623 Total current liabilities 34 649 28 105 40 521 Total liabilities 99 728 60 782 97 470 Liabilities classified as held for sale 36 50 51	Current liabilities				
Total current liabilities 34 649 28 105 40 521 Total liabilities 99 728 60 782 97 470 Liabilities classified as held for sale 36 50 51	Short-term interest-bearing debt	7	3 886	2 576	4 898
Total liabilities 99 728 60 782 97 470 Liabilities classified as held for sale 36 50 51	Tax payable, trade and other payables		30 763	25 530	35 623
Liabilities classified as held for sale 36 50 51	Total current liabilities		34 649	28 105	40 521
	Total liabilities		99 728	60 782	97 470
Total equity and liabilities 131 595 90 859 128 912	Liabilities classified as held for sale		36	50	51
101 000 000 120 012	Total equity and liabilities		131 595	90 859	128 912

Consolidated cash flow statement

		2Q	2Q	January-June		Year
Amounts in NOK million	Note	2015	2014	2015	2014	2014
Profit before tax		788	(487)	1 743	372	(1 442)
Depreciation and amortization		1 649	675	3 321	1 373	3 594
Other items and changes in other operating assets and liabilities		(2 513)	1 756	(4 375)	(1 254)	3 154
Net cash flow from operating activities		(76)	1 945	689	491	5 306
Proceeds from sales of property, plant and equipment	9	142	157	503	161	237
Proceeds from sale of shares and other equity investments		1	4	57	4	528
Disposals of subsidiary, net of cash disposed		-	462	-	5 833	7 071
Acquisition of subsidiary, net of cash acquired		-	(87)	(42)	(167)	(10 228)
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	9	(2 984)	(2 892)	(6 635)	(4 689)	(11 299)
Acquisition of equity investments in other companies		-	(27)	-	(149)	(187)
Net cash flow from other investments		(572)	47	(397)	422	541
Net cash flow from investing activities		(3 413)	(2 336)	(6 513)	1 416	(13 336)
Proceeds from issuance of interest-bearing debt	7	6 471	1 816	9 780	5 012	28 532
Repayment of interest-bearing debt	7	(4 746)	(2 258)	(5 390)	(6 756)	(19 012)
New equity			-	16	395	1 940 [°]
Own shares		(15)	5	(13)	5	(157)
Dividends paid		(870)	(1 921)	(937)	(1 948)	(2 151)
Net cash flow from financing activities		841	(2 359)	3 456	(3 293)	9 152
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		(2 649)	(2 749)	(2 368)	(1 385)	1 122
Effects of changes in exchange rates on cash		(132)	127	221	109	1 154
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period		12 634	11 070	12 000	9 724	9 724
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period		9 853	8 448	9 853	8 448	12 000

Consolidated statement of changes in equity

Amounts in NOK million	Total paid-in capital	Total translation and other reserves	Retained earnings	Total equity of equity holders of the parent	Minority interests	Total equity
Balance as at 31 December 2013	2 025	401	6 167	8 593	19 910	28 503
Profit for the year 2014	_	-	(39)	(39)	1 060	1 021
Other comprehensive income	_	1 389	(187)	1 202 [°]	1 094	2 296
Total comprehensive income	-	1 389	(226)	1 163	2 154	3 316
Dividends	-	-	(940)	(940)	(1 211)	(2 151)
Own shares	_	-	4	` ´	` -	` 5
Total contributions and distributions	-	-	(936)	(936)	(1 211)	(2 146)
Acquisition and sale of minority	-	-	(89)	(89)	(140)	(229)
Issuance of shares in subsidiary	_	-	(8)	(8)	1 956	1 948
Total changes in ownership without a change of control	-	-	(97)	(97)	1 816	1 719
Balance as at 31 December 2014	2 026	1 790	4 908	8 723	22 669	31 392
Profit for the period Jan - June 2015	-	-	282	282	240	522
Other comprehensive income	-	529	8	538	314	851
Total comprehensive income	-	529	290	819	554	1 373
Dividends	-	-	(723)	(723)	(518)	(1 242)
Own shares	-	-	1	1	-	1
Share-based payment transactions	-	-	3	3	-	3
Dividend issue	305	-	-	305	<u>-</u>	305
Total contributions and distributions	305	-	(719)	(414)	(518)	(932)
Acquisition and sale of minority	-	-	5	5	(22)	(17)
Issuance of shares in subsidiary	<u>-</u>	-	<u>-</u>	-	16	16
Total changes in ownership without change of control	-	=	5	5	(6)	(1)
Balance as at 30 June 2015	2 331	2 319	4 483	9 133	22 698	31 831
Balance as at 31 December 2013	2 025	401	6 167	8 593	19 910	28 503
Profit for the period Jan - June 2014			1 117	1 117	2 088	3 205
Other comprehensive income	-	86	1	86	(150)	(63)
Total comprehensive income	-	86	1 118	1 203	1 938	3 141
Dividends	-	-	(940)	(940)	(1 008)	(1 948)
Own shares	-	-	2	2	-	2
Share-based payment transactions		-	3	3	<u>-</u>	3
Total contributions and distributions	-	-	(935)	(935)	(1 008)	(1 943)
Acquisition and sale of minority	-	-	(22)	(22)	(53)	(76)
Issuing shares in subsidiary	-	-	6	6	395	401
Total changes in ownership without change of control	-	-	(16)	(16)	342	325
Balance as at 30 June 2014	-	487	6 334	8 845	21 182	30 026

Notes to the Aker condensed consolidated financial statements for the first half 2015

1. Introduction - Aker ASA

Aker ASA is a company domiciled in Norway. The condensed consolidated interim financial statements for the first half of 2015, ended 30 June 2015, comprise Aker ASA and its subsidiaries (together referred to as the "Group") and the Group's interests in associates and jointly controlled entities.

The consolidated financial statements of the Group as at and for the year ended 31 December 2014 and quarterly reports are available at www.akerasa.com.

2. Statement of compliance

The condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting as endorsed by EU, and the additional requirements in the Norwegian Securities Trading Act. They do not include all of the information required for full annual financial statements, and should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements of the Group as at and for the year ended 31 December 2014.

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 16 July 2015.

A number of standards, amendments to standards and interpretations are not yet effective for the period ended 30 June 2015, and have not been applied in preparing these consolidated financial statements:

- Implementation of IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers is mandatory from 1 January 2017. The IASB published on 19 May 2015 for consultation a proposal to defer the effective date of the revenue Standard, IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers, by one year to 1 January 2018. The new standard is expected to impact Aker's financial statements, but the extent to which the standard will impact the revenue recognition has not yet been assessed. The core principle of the new Standard is for companies to recognise revenue to depict the transfer of goods or services to customers in amounts that reflect the consideration (that is, payment) to which the company expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. The new Standard will also result in enhanced disclosures about revenue, provide quidance for transactions that were not previously addressed comprehensively (for example, service revenue and contract modifications) and improve guidance for multiple-element arrangements.
- The implementation of IFRS 9 Financial Instruments (mandatory from 1 January 2018) may result in certain amendments to the measurement and classification of financial instruments.

3. Significant accounting principles

The accounting policies applied by the group in these condensed consolidated interim financial statements are the same as those applied by the group in its consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 December 2014. The group's accounting principles are described in the Aker ASA annual financial statements for 2014.

4. Estimates

The preparation of interim financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expense. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The most significant judgments made by management in preparing these condensed consolidated interim financial statements in applying the Group's accounting policies, and the key sources of estimate uncertainty, are the same as those applied to the consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 December 2014.

5. Pension, tax and contingencies

Calculation of pension cost and liability is done annually by actuaries. In the interim financial reporting, pension costs and liabilities are based on the actuarial forecasts. Income tax expense is recognized in each interim period based on the best estimate of the expected annual income tax rates.

6. Share capital and equity

Aker increased its share capital by 1 947 134 shares through a dividend issue in the second quarter 2015 (see below). As of 30 June 2015 Aker ASA had issued 74 321 862 ordinary shares at a par value of NOK 28 per share. Total own shares were 17 477. Average outstanding number of shares is used in the calculation of earnings per share in all periods in 2014 and 2015.

At year-end 2014, the board of directors suggested a dividend of NOK 10.00 per share for 2014, a total of NOK 723 million. The dividend distribution was approved at the Annual General Meeting in April 2015. Half of the dividend (NOK 5.00 per share) was with an optional settlement in new Aker shares. In June, NOK 399 million was disbursed to shareholders. An additional NOK 20 million in withholding tax related to dividend payment will be paid out in July 2015. The remaining NOK 305 million was reclassified to equity as a consequence of shareholders choosing to receive parts of their dividend in new shares.

7. Interest-bearing debt

Material changes in interest-bearing debt (short term and long term) during 2015:

		Changes	
Amounts in NOK million	1Q 2015	2Q 2015	At 2Q 2015
Balance at 1 January 2015	43 816	-	43 816
Drawn Reserve Based Lending Facility in Det norske	775	-	775
Bond loan in Ocean Yield ASA	-	1 000	1 000
Drawn bank facility in Ocean Yield ASA	-	1 240	1 240
Bond loan in Aker ASA and holding companies	-	1 000	1 000
Bond loan in Det norske oljeselskap	-	2 325	2 325
Drawn bank facility in Akastor	1 766	329	2 095
Establishment fee, other new loans and change in credit facilities	768	577	1 345
Total funds from issuance of long-term and short-term debt			
(excl. construction loans)	3 309	6 471	9 780
Repayment Reserve Based Lending Facility in Det norske	-	(2 558)	(2 558)
Repayment of bank loan in Aker ASA and holding companies	-	(500)	(500)
Repayment of Ocean Yield bank loan	(335)	(1 473)	(1 808)
Other repayments	(309)	(215)	(524)
Total repayments of long-term and short-term debt (excl.			
construction loan)	(644)	(4 746)	(5 390)
Exchange rates differences and other changes	2 509	(688)	1 821
Balance at end of period	48 990	1 037	50 027
Balance at end of period is allocated on short-term and long-term items	as follows:		
Long-term loan	43 614	2 527	46 141
Short-term debt inclusive construction loan	5 376	(1 490)	3 886
Balance at end of period	48 990	1 037	50 027

8. Operating segments

Aker identifies segments based on the group's management and internal reporting structure. Aker's investment portfolio is comprised of two segments: Industrial Holdings and Financial Investments.

Recognition and measurement applied in the segment reporting are consistent with the accounting policies in the condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

Operating revenues

	2Q	2Q	January-June		Year	
Amounts in NOK million	2015	2014	2015	2014	2014	
Industrial holdings						
Aker Solutions	8 048	8 060	16 548	15 542	32 971	
Akastor	3 693	6 013	8 239	11 010	21 432	
Det norske oljeselskap	2 613	454	5 126	612	3 162	
Ocean Yield	490	372	975	736	1 570	
Aker BioMarine	205	203	370	343	703	
Kvaerner	3 125	2 861	6 650	6 350	13 945	
Havfisk	257	226	504	440	1 049	
Eliminations and restatements	(1 572)	(1 656)	(3 339)	(3 581)	(7 681)	
Total industrial holdings	16 859	16 533	35 074	31 452	67 151	
Financial investments						
Converto Capital Fund 1)	1 228	766	2 424	1 756	3 653	
Financial investments, other assets and eliminations	139	71	487	138	(22)	
Total financial investments	1 367	837	2 910	1 894	3 631	
Aker group	18 227	17 370	37 984	33 346	70 782	

Profit before tax					
	2Q	2Q	January-	June	Year
Amounts in NOK million	2015	2014	2015	2014	2014
Industrial holdings					
Aker Solutions	310	526	648	917	1 817
Akastor	(325)	(1 465)	(562)	(1 395)	(1 653)
Det norske oljeselskap	489	(27)	1 119	(355)	(2 711)
Ocean Yield	200	105	419	300	652
Aker BioMarine	9	9	37	5	(109)
Kvaerner	88	198	165	333	329
Havfisk	41	(4)	86	11	260
Eliminations and restatements	11	108	7	231	(618)
Total industrial holdings	823	(551)	1 918	47	(2 032)
Financial investments					
Converto Capital Fund 1)	99	(77)	124	378	489
Financial investments, other assets and eliminations	(134)	142	(299)	(53)	100
Total financial investments	(35)	65	(175)	325	590
Aker group	788	(487)	1 743	372	(1 442)

¹⁾ Consolidated companies owned by Converto Capital Fund.

9. Property, plant and equipment and intangible assets

Material changes in property, plant and equipment and intangible assets during 2015:

	Property, plant and	Intangible	
Amounts in NOK million	equipment	assets	Total
Balance at 1 January 2015	45 901	30 850	76 751
Other proceeds from sales of property plant and equipment	(503)	-	(503)
Total proceeds	(503)	<u>-</u>	(503)
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment in Det norske	3 528	-	3 528
Acquisition of exploration expenses and other intangibles in Det			
norske	-	231	231
Acquisition in Akastor	1 297	97	1 394
Other acquisitions	1 257	260	1 517
Acquisition of property, plant and intangible assets 1)	6 082	588	6 670
Acquisition and sale of subsidiaries	594	-	594
Depreciation and amortization	(2 850)	(471)	(3 321)
Impairment	(10)	(507)	(517)
Expensed capitalised wells	-	(77)	(77)
Exchange rates differences and other changes	2 000	1 191	3 191
Balance at end of period	51 214	31 574	82 789

¹⁾ Including capitalized interest, license swaps effects in Det norske, removal and decommissioning costs in Det norske and other accruals

10. Impairment charges

Impairment charges and non-recurring items in 2015 amount to NOK 517 million.

In the first quarter Det norske oljeselskap wrote down technical goodwill related to the acquisition of Marathon Oil Norge AS with NOK 409 million. The main reason for the impairment charge was the impact from the decrease in deferred tax, together with an update of assumptions (oil and gas prices and currency rates). Deferred tax on the asset values recognized in relation to the acquisition, decreased during the first quarter as a result of

depreciation of these assets. In the impairment test performed, carrying value was adjusted by the remaining part of deferred tax from which the technical goodwill arose. When deferred tax from the initial recognition decreases, more goodwill is exposed for impairment. Hence, Det norske oljeselskap expects additional impairment charges going forward, as a result of the depreciation of the asset values on Alvheim cash generating unit. However, in Q2 2015 there has been an increase in the oil and gas forward curves compared to Q1 2015 and the company's calculation shows that no impairment charge is needed.

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11. Transactions with related parties

There have been no significant transactions with related parties in the quarter. See also note 35 in the group annual accounts for 2014.

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(16)

12. Events after the balance sheet date

No material events have occurred after the balance sheet date.

Directors' responsibility statement

Today, the Board of Directors and the company's chief executive officer reviewed and approved the unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements and interim financial report as of 30 June 2015 and the first six months of 2015.

The interim consolidated financial statement has been prepared and presented in accordance with IAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting as endorsed by the EU, and the additional requirements found in the Norwegian Securities Trading Act.

To the best of our knowledge:

- The interim consolidated financial statement for the first six months of 2015 has been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards
- The information disclosed in the accounts provides a true and fair portrayal of the Group's assets, liabilities, financial position, and profit as of 30 June 2015. The interim management report for the first six months of 2015 also includes a fair overview of key events during the reporting period and their effect on the financial statement for the first half-year of 2015. It also provides a true and fair description of the most important risks and uncertainties facing the business in the upcoming reporting period.

Oslo, 16 July 2015 Aker ASA

Kjell Inge Røkke Chairman

Finn Berg Jacobsen

Deputy Chairman

Karen Simon Director

Inger Elise Karlsen
Director

Anne Marie Cannon Director

Kristin Krohn Devold Director

> Arnfinn Stensø Director

Øyvind Eriksen
President and CEO

Leif O. Høegh Director

Atle Tranøy Director

Amram Hadida Director